

Prodigy[®] **HDLV**[®] **System Troubleshooting - Generation III**

Use the procedures listed in this document to isolate and correct common problems with Prodigy HDLV Systems. Refer to your system and component manuals for more troubleshooting, repair, and parts information.

Problem

Powder inside qun inlet adapter



Possible Cause and Corrective Action

Internal nozzle O-ring worn

Replace the internal nozzle O-ring.



Powder delivery hose not seated properly in tubing adapter

Loosen the retaining nut to remove the nozzle and retaining nut assembly.

Pull the tubing adapter from the end of the flexible powder tube.

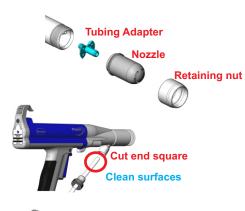
Loosen the lock knob and gently pull the flexible powder tubing out of the gun adapter. Clean the surfaces.

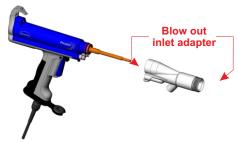
If the end of the feed tubing is damaged, cut the damaged end off with a tubing cutter.

Remove the set screw and inlet adapter from the spray gun. Blow the adapter and powder tube clean.

Install the inlet adapter. Feed the flexible powder tubing through the inlet adapter. Tighten the lock knob. Install the tubing adapter on the tube then gently pull the tube back until the adapter stops against the flange.

Install the nozzle and retaining ring.





Air leaking around end cap



Multiplier gasket worn

Replace the multiplier gasket.

Multiplier gasket P/N 288535



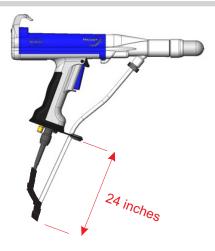
Possible Cause and Corrective Action

Powder feed tubing too stiff

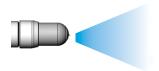


Spiral wrap too close to gun

Remove any spiral wrap that is within 24 inches of the gun handle.

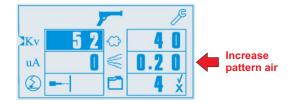


"Fingers" in spray pattern



Pattern air setting too low

Increase the pattern air setpoint.

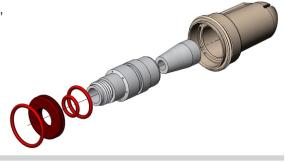


Nozzle plugged

Remove the nozzle, disassemble, and clean.







Input air pressure too low

Increase the input air pressure.



Assist air compensation too low

Increase the assist air compensation setting.

RETURN TO MAIN SCREEN					
	%		%		
1	-10	6	15		
2	05	7	-10		
3	-05	8	10		
4	25	9	00		
5	20	10	00		

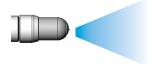
Calibration constants incorrect

Verify that the calibration constants on the manifold match what is entered in the manual gun controller.

PUMP FLOW	PATTERN FLOW
A: 0.0000	A: 0.0000
B: 0.0000	B: 0.0000
C: 0.0000	C: 0.0000

Part 1081071-05

Powder delivery problems: Surging, fading, intermittent flow, low flow



Possible Cause and Corrective Action

Problems with powder flow can be caused by a number of different factors. Check the following first:

Assist air compensation incorrect

Increase or decrease the assist air compensation setting for the current preset.

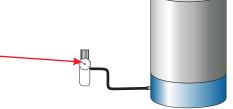
Go to a *positive* number if the gun is surging. Go to a *negative* number if the gun is fading.

١	RETURN TO MAIN SCREEN					
		%		%		
	1	-10	6	15		
	2	05	7	-10		
	3	-05	8	10		
	4	25	9	00		
	5	20	10	00		

Check the following possibilities in order:

Fluidizing air pressure incorrect Increase or decrease the

fluidizing air pressure. The powder should be gently boiling.



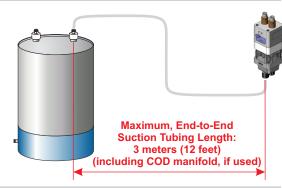
Powder damp or contaminated

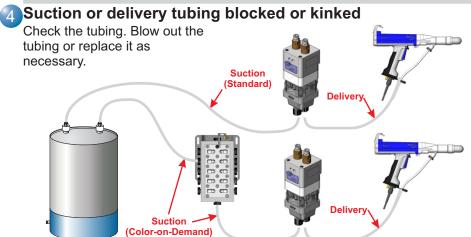
Check the air driers and filter/separators. Check the powder in the feed hoppers and make sure it flows easily.





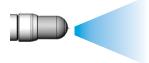
3 Suction tubing too long
Move the hoppers closer to the
pump and shorten the suction
tube length.





NOTE: Delivery tubing must be arranged in a 3-ft. coil parallel to the ground and must be 60 ft. from the pump to the spray gun.

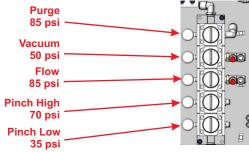
Powder delivery problems (continued)



Possible Cause and Corrective Action

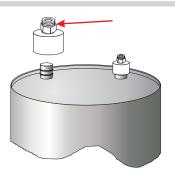
Pump panel regulator pressure incorrect

Adjust the regulators in the pump panel to the proper pressures.



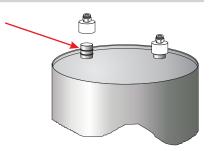
Pump adapter 8-mm tube fitting loose

Tighten the 8-mm tube fitting.



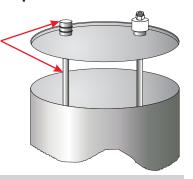
Pump mount O-rings worn

Replace the pump mount O-rings. Refer to your pickup tube instruction sheet or hopper manual for part numbers.



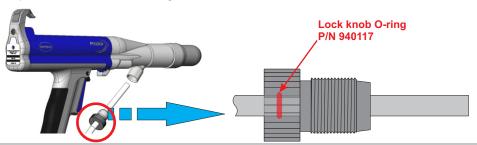
Pickup tube not tightly threaded into pump mount

Tighten the pickup tube into the pump mount.



Air leaking around lock knob

Replace the lock knob O-ring.



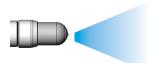
Part 1081071-05

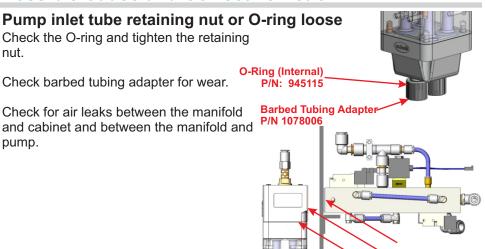
Gaskets

Problem

Possible Cause and Corrective Action

Powder delivery problems (continued)





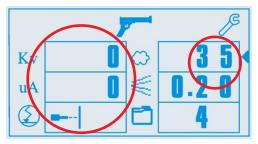
Problem with pump or pump control manifold

Vacuum Check (requires 0-30 in. Hg vacuum gauge)

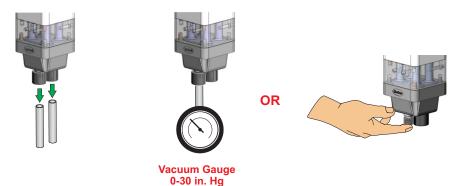
1. Purge the pump and gun. Do not load a new color.



2. Set the kV output to zero. Set the powder flow to 35%.

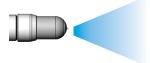


3. Disconnect the powder tubing from the pump. Connect a vacuum gauge to the suction fitting or remove the fitting nut and place your finger over the fitting.



Possible Cause and Corrective Action

Powder delivery problems (continued)



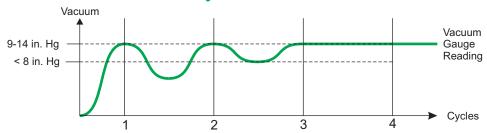
Vacuum Check (continued)

4. Trigger the spray gun and watch the vacuum gauge or feel for the vacuum.



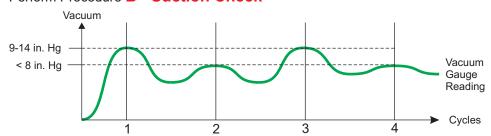
Correct Vacuum Reading (9-14 in. Hg) Both Sides of Pump (or you feel vacuum pulling hard on fingertip):

Perform Procedure A - Delivery Check



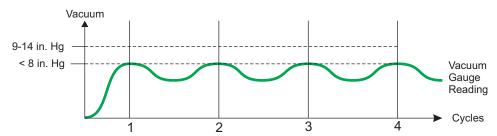
Low Vacuum (Less than 8 in. Hg) One Side of Pump (or you feel less vacuum on one side of pump cycle than the other):

Perform Procedure B - Suction Check



Low Vacuum (Less than 8 in. Hg) Both Sides of Pump (or you feel only weak or no vacuum on both sides of pump cycle):

Perform Procedure B - Suction Check



Part 1081071-05 ©2015 Nordson Corporation

Possible Cause and Corrective Action

Powder delivery problems (continued)

A - Delivery Check

Correct vacuum reading (9-14 in. Hg). Problem is not in pump or control manifold.

Check for problems in delivery tubing (1) or suction tubing (2).

- 1. Reconnect the delivery tubing to the pump.
- 2. Trigger the spray gun and observe the vacuum gauge.





= < 8 in. Hg

Problem is in delivery tubing or spray gun:

- ✓ Clean or replace delivery tubing.
- ✓ Check spray gun lock nut O-ring. Replace if missing or damaged.
- ✓ Remove nozzle and powder tubing adapter from spray gun and clean or replace.



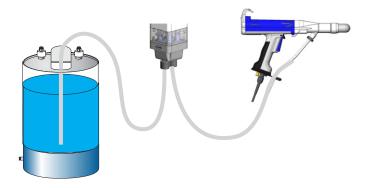
= 9-14 in. Hg

Problem is in suction tubing, fittings, pickup tube, or powder:

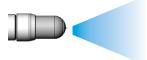
- 1. Connect suction tubing as shown below.
- 2. Trigger gun and observe powder flow.
- If problem disappears, then check suction tubing fittings and adapter O-rings. Clean pickup tube. If you have a Color-on-Demand system, perform procedure C - Bubble

Test.

If problem remains, suction tubing is blocked.
 Replace suction tubing.



Powder delivery problems (continued)



Possible Cause and Corrective Action

B - Suction Check

Low vacuum reading (less than 8 in. Hg) in one or both sides of pump. Problem is in pump or control manifold:

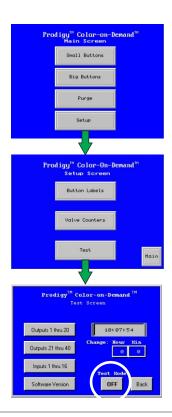
- 1. Remove the pump and replace it with a known good pump.
- 2. Connect the vacuum gauge to the pump suction fitting.
- 3. Trigger the spray gun and observe the vacuum gauge.

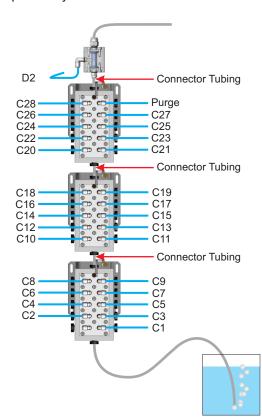


- If problem disappears, then original pump was bad. Go to Page 9.
- If problem remains, then pump control manifold is bad. Go to Page 9.

C - Bubble Test for Color-on-Demand System

- 1. If your D2 dump valve has a clear body, check for powder inside the body. If powder is visible, then disassemble the dump valve and replace the pinch valve. If no powder is visible, then proceed with the bubble test.
- 2. Disconnect the delivery tubing from the COD manifold outlet and install a new length of delivery tubing from the manifold outlet to a container of water.
- 4. Turn the COD controller Test mode ON by toggling the Test Mode Button. This pressurizes all the air lines to the COD manifold pinch valves. If any of the pinch valves are leaking, bubbles will appear in the water.
- 5. If bubbles appear, kink the blue D2 air tubing. If the bubbles stop, then the D2 pinch valve is leaking. If the bubbles continue, kink the rest of the pinch valve air tubes, starting with D1, until you find the leaking pinch valve. Replace all the pinch valves in the manifold with the leaking valve, since it is likely that the other valves are close to failure also.
 - If no bubbles appear, then check the short pieces of tubing connecting the manifolds and D2 dump valve and replace any that are worn out.





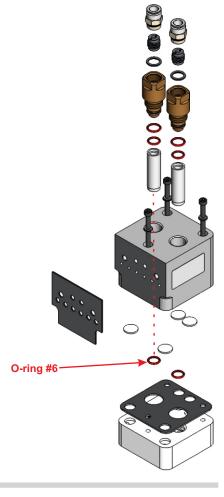
Part 1081071-05

Possible Cause and Corrective Action

Pump is bad, requires repair (determined by suction check B)

Fluidizing tube blinded or plugged Replace the fluidizing tubes.

Verify O-ring #6 is in place. If missing, powder buildup could occur in the muffler.



Pinch valve leaking

Replace the pinch valves and filter disks.



Lower Y-block plugged

Remove and clean the lower Y-blocks.

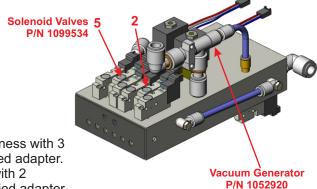


Control manifold is bad, requires repair (determined by suction check B)

CAUTION: Turn off and relieve air pressure to the pump cabinet before servicing the manifold. Failure to observe this caution may result in equipment damage.

Pump manifold valves 2 and 5 contaminated with powder

Remove and inspect the valves. If they are contaminated, blow out the manifold and replace the valves.



Note: If using an old harness with 3 positions, use the supplied adapter. If using a new harness with 2 positions, then the supplied adapter can be discarded.

Vacuum generator blocked

Remove and inspect the vacuum generator venturi nozzle. If it is blocked, blow it out or replace the vacuum generator.

- Remove vacuum generator at the manifold. Check for vacuum with your finger.
- Remove the vacuum generator vent hose at the bottom of the cabinet (inside). Trigger the gun on. Check for exhaust and increase the powder flow.
- 3. Check for proper direction of the check valve.