# Versa-Spray® II IPS 2-Gauge Control Unit

Customer Product Manual Part 106991D Issued 7/05

For parts and technical support, call the Industrial Coating Systems Customer Support Center at (800) 433-9319 or contact your local Nordson representative.

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#### Contact Us

Nordson Corporation welcomes requests for information, comments, and inquiries about its products. General information about Nordson can be found on the Internet using the following address: http://www.nordson.com.

Address all correspondence to:

Nordson Corporation Attn: Customer Service 555 Jackson Street Amherst, OH 44001

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# Section 1 Safety

### Introduction

Read and follow these safety instructions. Task- and equipment-specific warnings, cautions, and instructions are included in equipment documentation where appropriate.

Make sure all equipment documentation, including these instructions, is accessible to all persons operating or servicing equipment.

### **Qualified Personnel**

Equipment owners are responsible for making sure that Nordson equipment is installed, operated, and serviced by qualified personnel. Qualified personnel are those employees or contractors who are trained to safely perform their assigned tasks. They are familiar with all relevant safety rules and regulations and are physically capable of performing their assigned tasks.

### **Intended Use**

Use of Nordson equipment in ways other than those described in the documentation supplied with the equipment may result in injury to persons or damage to property.

Some examples of unintended use of equipment include

- using incompatible materials
- making unauthorized modifications
- removing or bypassing safety guards or interlocks
- using incompatible or damaged parts
- using unapproved auxiliary equipment
- operating equipment in excess of maximum ratings

# **Regulations and Approvals**

Make sure all equipment is rated and approved for the environment in which it is used. Any approvals obtained for Nordson equipment will be voided if instructions for installation, operation, and service are not followed.

All phases of equipment installation must comply with all federal, state, and local codes.

## **Personal Safety**

To prevent injury follow these instructions.

- Do not operate or service equipment unless you are qualified.
- Do not operate equipment unless safety guards, doors, or covers are intact and automatic interlocks are operating properly. Do not bypass or disarm any safety devices.
- Keep clear of moving equipment. Before adjusting or servicing any
  moving equipment, shut off the power supply and wait until the
  equipment comes to a complete stop. Lock out power and secure the
  equipment to prevent unexpected movement.
- Relieve (bleed off) hydraulic and pneumatic pressure before adjusting or servicing pressurized systems or components. Disconnect, lock out, and tag switches before servicing electrical equipment.
- Obtain and read Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all materials used. Follow the manufacturer's instructions for safe handling and use of materials, and use recommended personal protection devices.
- To prevent injury, be aware of less-obvious dangers in the workplace that often cannot be completely eliminated, such as hot surfaces, sharp edges, energized electrical circuits, and moving parts that cannot be enclosed or otherwise guarded for practical reasons.

# Fire Safety

To avoid a fire or explosion, follow these instructions.

- Do not smoke, weld, grind, or use open flames where flammable materials are being used or stored.
- Provide adequate ventilation to prevent dangerous concentrations of volatile materials or vapors. Refer to local codes or your material MSDS for guidance.
- Do not disconnect live electrical circuits while working with flammable materials. Shut off power at a disconnect switch first to prevent sparking.
- Know where emergency stop buttons, shutoff valves, and fire extinguishers are located. If a fire starts in a spray booth, immediately shut off the spray system and exhaust fans.
- Clean, maintain, test, and repair equipment according to the instructions in your equipment documentation.
- Use only replacement parts that are designed for use with original equipment. Contact your Nordson representative for parts information and advice.

## Grounding



**WARNING:** Operating faulty electrostatic equipment is hazardous and can cause electrocution, fire, or explosion. Make resistance checks part of your periodic maintenance program. If you receive even a slight electrical shock or notice static sparking or arcing, shut down all electrical or electrostatic equipment immediately. Do not restart the equipment until the problem has been identified and corrected.

All work conducted inside the spray booth or within 1 m (3 ft) of booth openings is considered within a Class 2, Division 1 or 2 Hazardous location and must comply with NFPA 33, NFPA 70 (NEC articles 500, 502, and 516), and NFPA 77, latest conditions.

- All electrically conductive objects in the spray areas shall be electrically connected to ground with a resistance of not more than 1 megohm as measured with an instrument that applies at least 500 volts to the circuit being evaluated.
- Equipment to be grounded includes, but is not limited to, the floor of the spray area, operator platforms, hoppers, photoeye supports, and blow-off nozzles. Personnel working in the spray area must be grounded.
- There is a possible ignition potential from the charged human body.
  Personnel standing on a painted surface, such as an operator platform,
  or wearing non-conductive shoes, are not grounded. Personnel must
  wear shoes with conductive soles or use a ground strap to maintain a
  connection to ground when working with or around electrostatic
  equipment.
- Operators must maintain skin-to-handle contact between their hand and the gun handle to prevent shocks while operating manual electrostatic spray guns. If gloves must be worn, cut away the palm or fingers, wear electrically conductive gloves, or wear a grounding strap connected to the gun handle or other true earth ground.
- Shut off electrostatic power supplies and ground gun electrodes before making adjustments or cleaning powder spray guns.
- Connect all disconnected equipment, ground cables, and wires after servicing equipment.

## **Action in the Event of a Malfunction**

If a system or any equipment in a system malfunctions, shut off the system immediately and perform the following steps:

- Disconnect and lock out electrical power. Close pneumatic shutoff valves and relieve pressures.
- Identify the reason for the malfunction and correct it before restarting the equipment.

# **Disposal**

Dispose of equipment and materials used in operation and servicing according to local codes.

# **Safety Labels**

Table 1-1 contains the text of the safety labels on this equipment. The safety labels are provided to help you operate and maintain your equipment safely. See Figure 1-1 for the location of the safety label.

Table 1-1 Safety Labels

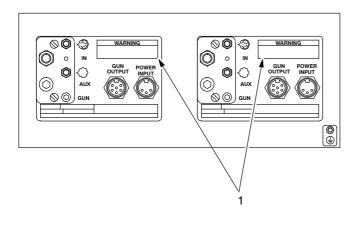
Item	Part	Description	
1.	_	<b>WARNING:</b> Do not disconnect while circuit is live unless location is known to be non-hazardous.	
2	129597	SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS	
		To be installed in accordance with all local codes and ordinances, all pertinent statutes and regulations, and the safety provisions of the Nordson manual.	
		Ground all equipment and other metal objects within 10 ft (3 m) of spray area. Keep spray area clean.	
		3. Work pieces must be grounded. Keep conveyor and hangers clean.	
		Hold gun in bare hand. Wear shoes with conductive soles such as leather. (Rubber soles are not conductive.)	
		<ol><li>Turn off power and ground nozzle before doing any cleaning or other work on gun.</li></ol>	
		6. Do not store flammable materials in spraying area.	
		<ol><li>Caution: Shut off electrical power before breaking connections or opening enclosure.</li></ol>	
		WARNING: Disconnect main power before servicing.	
	244644	<b>WARNING:</b> The following procedures <u>MUST</u> be followed when working with this electrostatic spray equipment. Failure to follow these instructions may result in a fire and/or serious personal injury. Display this warning on the spray booth.	
		NO SMOKING. Keep open flames, hot surfaces, and sparks from torches or grinding away from booth.	
		Turn the electrostatic power unit off when the spray gun is not in use.	
		3. Shut down immediately in event of fire.	
		Maintain ground circuit on all conductive objects below 1 megohm to prevent sparking. (ANSI/NFPA 33, Chapter 9, or local codes)	
		5. Shut down operation and correct grounds if sparking occurs.	
		<ol> <li>Install fixed fire suppression system in accordance with ANSI/NFPA 33, Chapter 7 (or local codes), before operating with combustible powder.</li> </ol>	
		Continued	

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# Safety Labels (contd)

Item	Part	Description	
		<ol> <li>Install automatic flame detectors in accordance with ANSI/NFPA 33, Chapter 7 (or local codes), before operating automatic guns.</li> </ol>	
		<ol><li>Examine all equipment at the beginning of each work period and repair or replace any damaged, loose, or missing parts.</li></ol>	
		<ol> <li>Before cleaning or performing any maintenance on the electrostatic spray gun, turn off the power unit and ground the nozzle. Maintain electrostatic spray equipment in accordance with instruction manual. Do not deviate. Do not substitute parts from other manufacturers.</li> </ol>	
		10. Operator must be grounded to prevent shocks from static electricity.  Floor surface must be conductive. Footwear and gloves must be static dissipative in accordance with ANSI Z41-1991 (or local codes).	
		11. Air velocity through all booth openings must meet local requirements and contain powder within the booth. If powder escapes from the booth, shut down operation and correct the malfunction.	
		12. Powder may be toxic or be a nuisance dust hazard. Refer to supplier's MSDS. If exposed to dust during operation, maintenance, or clean up, operators must use appropriate personal protective equipment.	
		13. Do not use compressed air or organic solvents for removal of powder from skin or clothing. Do use soap and water. Wash hands before eating or smoking.	
		<ol> <li>Guns, feeders, booths, etc., may be cleaned with clean dry air at 1.7 bar (25 psig).</li> </ol>	
		If you have any questions concerning this electrostatic spray equipment, call (440) 988-9411, and ask to speak with the Powder Systems Group Technical Service Department.	

# Safety Label Locations



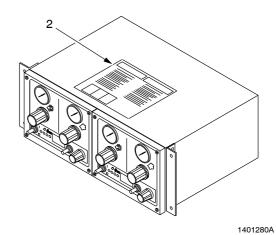


Figure 1-1 Safety Labels

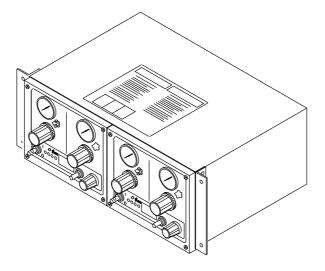
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# Section 2 **Description**

## Introduction

The Versa-Spray II 2-Gauge Integral Power Supply (IPS) control unit provides pneumatic and electrostatic controls, DC power, and monitoring functions for Versa-Spray IPS automatic powder spray guns. The control unit can be used as a standalone unit or with a Nordson MC-3 master control unit. When used as a standalone unit, gun triggering can be done manually or remotely. Completely automatic gun triggering is possible when the control unit is used with a Nordson MC-3 master control unit equipped with a Smart-Spray controller, photosensors, and a line speed encoder.



1401281A

Figure 2-1 Versa-Spray II IPS Control Unit (Dual Module Unit Shown)

See Figure 2-1. The unit consists of a cabinet and one or two control modules. The cabinet fits into an industry-standard, 19-in. equipment rack. The control unit provides 7 to 21 Vdc to the spray gun voltage multiplier. The multiplier produces the electrostatic voltage used to charge the powder as it is sprayed. A push-pull rotary dial/potentiometer (kV/AFC switch) allows the operator to choose between two different control modes and to set output levels.

In the kV mode, voltage output is controlled by the potentiometer setting. In the Automatic Feedback Current (AFC) mode, maximum current output is controlled by the potentiometer setting. The AFC mode provides an optimum combination of kV output and electric field strength for coating parts with interior corners and deep recesses at close range or recoating coated and cured parts.

# Introduction (contd)

Control unit pneumatic inputs, outputs, and controls are described in Table 2-1. Switched outputs supply air when the gun is triggered.

Description	Controls	Function
Air input	Externally regulated	Supply, 7 bar (100 psi) max.
Flow rate air output	Internally regulated and switched	Pumps powder from the hopper.
Atomizing air output	Internally regulated and switched	Atomizes and accelerates powder pumped from the hopper.
Auxiliary air output	Externally regulated (port is normally plugged)	Not normally used with 2-gauge units
Gun air output	Internally switched, externally regulated by add-on fixed-orifice restrictor, (port is normally plugged)	Electrode washing air (manual and automatic guns), diffuser air (automatic guns). Restrictor furnished with Versa-Spray II gun or kit reduces air pressure to 0.7 bar (10 psi).

Table 2-1 Pneumatic Inputs, Outputs, and Controls

## **Front Panel Controls**

See Figure 2-2.

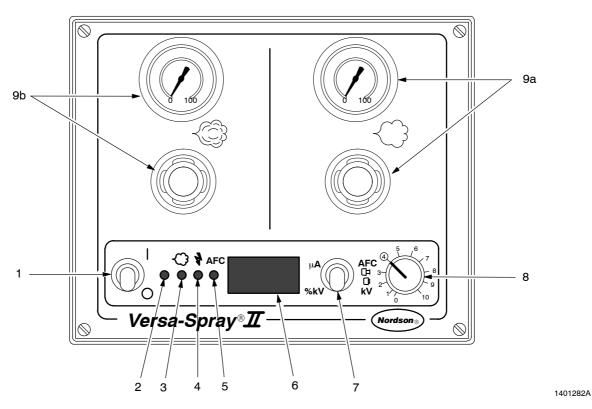


Figure 2-2 Front Panel Controls

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Table 2-2 Front Panel Controls

Item	Description	Function	
1	Power switch	Turns on the control unit. If switch S5 on the circuit board is set to continuous, the power switch will start flow rate, atomizing air, and gun air flowing, and activate the gun multiplier (if air pressures are set above zero, and the kV/AFC switch is turned on).	
2	Power LED (green)	Lights when the control unit power switch is turned on.	
3	Powder LED (green)	Lights when the solenoid valve is energized by a trigger signal. Flow rate air and atomizing air flow to the powder pump. Gun air will flow to Versa-Spray II gun if optional port is used.	
4	kV LED (amber)	Lights when the kV/AFC switch is set in the kV mode and turned on.	
5	AFC LED (amber)	Lights when the kV/AFC switch is set in the AFC mode and turned on.	
6	Digital display	Displays the percentage of kV output, microampere ( $\mu$ A) output, and multiplier polarity (positive or negative) in both kV and AFC modes. The kV/ $\mu$ A switch changes the display from %kV to $\mu$ A. Both kV and $\mu$ A output will fluctuate as parts go by the gun. $\mu$ A output increases when the gun is moved closer to a grounded part. kV output decreases as $\mu$ A output increases. If the unit is in AFC mode, $\mu$ A output will not increase past the maximum current setpoint. Part shape and powder flow rates also affect $\mu$ A output.	
7	kV/μA switch	Changes the output displayed from kV to microamperes.	
8	kV/AFC dial/potentiometer	Changes voltage control modes and sets output levels. Pushing knob in puts unit in kV mode. Pulling knob out puts unit in AFC mode. Turning the dial to position 1 turns on electrostatic voltage. Rotating the dial clockwise increases voltage output when in kV mode or increases maximum current setpoint when in AFC mode.	
9a	Atomizing air regulator and gauge	Control and indicate air pressure. Pull regulator knobs out to unlock, push in to lock. Flow rate and atomizing air flow are controlled by trigger signal or power switch, depending on circuit board switch S5 setting.	
9b	Flow rate air regulator and gauge		

# **Rear Panel Connections**

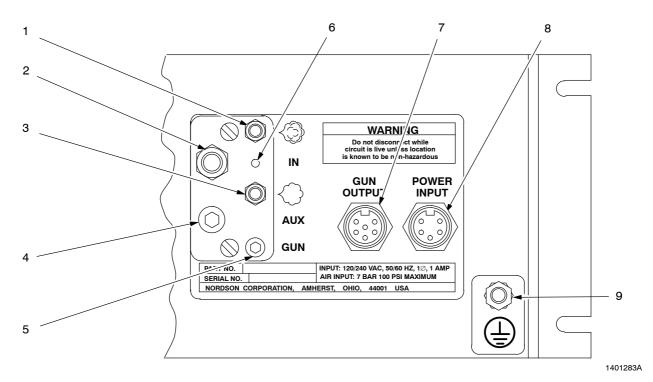


Figure 2-3 Rear Panel Connections

Table 2-3 Rear Panel Connections

Item	Description	Function	
1	Flow rate air connector	6-mm or $^{1}/_{4}$ -in. tubing connector for the powder pump flow rate air supply	
2	Supply air connector	10-mm or $^{3}/_{8}$ -in. tubing connector for supply air. 7 bar (100 psi) max.	
3	Atomizing air connector	6-mm or <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> -in. tubing connector for the powder pump atomizing air supply	
4	Plugged port	Not used with 2-gauge units.	
5	Gun air port	Plugged port for Versa-Spray II gun air. Air pressure is unregulated. A restrictor and a connector, supplied with the gun or separate service kit, are installed in this port to reduce air pressure and provide a tubing connection.	
6	Solenoid valve vent	Solenoid valve exhaust air vent. Vent must not be plugged.	
7	Gun cable receptacle	6-pin receptacle for the gun cable	
8	Power cable receptacle	5-pin receptacle for the power cord	
9	Cabinet ground stud	Ground wire connection. The control unit must be connected to a true earth ground.	

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# **Specifications**

#### **Enclosure**

The control unit enclosures meet IP54 and Class II, Division II requirements.

#### Electrical

Input	120 or 240 Vac ± 10% at 50/60 Hz
Output	7–21 Vdc
Short circuit output current	300 mA
Maximum output current	500 mA

#### **Pneumatic**

Minimum input pressure	4 bar (60 psi)
Maximum input pressure	7 bar (100 psi)

## **Typical Operating Pressures**

Flow rate	1.4 bar (20 psi)
Atomizing	2.1 bar (30 psi)
Gun air (optional)	0.7 bar (10 psi) fixed, 1 CFM (w/factory restrictor)

#### **Air Supply Quality**

Air must be clean and dry. Use a regenerative desiccant or refrigerated air dryer capable of producing a 3.4 °C (38 °F) or lower dew point at 7 bar (100 psi) and a filter system with prefilters and coalescent-type filters capable of removing oil, water, and dirt in the submicron range.

# **Symbols**



Figure 2-4 Symbol Definition

1400944A

# Section 3 Installation



**WARNING:** Allow only qualified personnel to perform the following tasks. Follow the safety instructions in this document and all other related documentation.

# Mounting

See Figure 3-1. Install the cabinet in a 19-in. equipment rack. Rails should be used to support the cabinet. Secure the cabinet to the rack with screws and washers (6) through the holes in the brackets (5).

# **Circuit Board Configuration**

1. See Figure 3-1. Loosen the captive screws (1) at the four corners of the front panel, and slide the control module (2) out of the cabinet. Unplug the ground wire (3) from the control module if necessary.

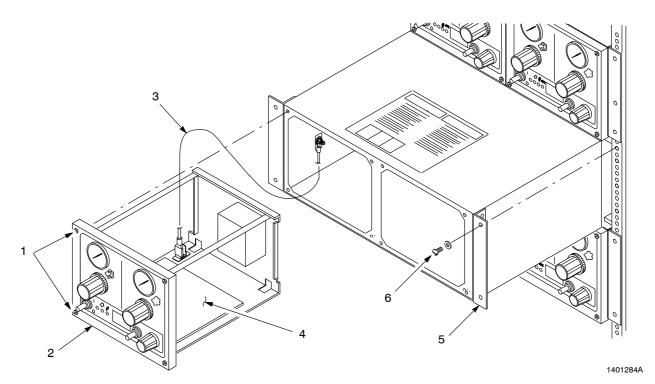


Figure 3-1 Removing the Control Module

- 1. Captive screws
- 2. Control module

- 3. Ground wire
- 4. Circuit board

- 5. Brackets
- 6. Screws and washers

# Circuit Board Configuration (conta)

2. Set up the control unit for your application using the jumper blocks and switches shown in Figure 3-2 and explained in Table 3-1.

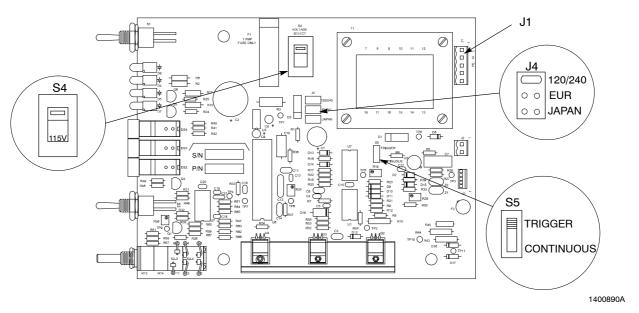


Figure 3-2 Jumper Block and Switch Settings

Table 3-1 Jumper Block and Switch Settings

Jumper Block	Jumper Block J4 — Install the jumper to match voltage as follows:		
Тор	120/240-volt nominal input power (USA)		
Middle	110/220-volt nominal input power (Europe)		
Bottom	100/200-volt nominal input power (Japan)		
Switch S4 — Set the switch to input voltage range (range showing is range selected) as follows:			
Тор	100/115/120 Vac		
Bottom	200/230/240 Vac		
Switch S5 — Set the switch to the correct position for your application:			
Ext. Trigger	External trigger (manual gun or external switch)		
Continuous	Internal trigger. (The power switch turns on air and high voltage, if the kV/AFC switch is turned on. Use this setting with an automatic gun.)		

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#### **Electrical Connections**



WARNING: Install a locking disconnect switch or breaker in the service line ahead of the equipment so power can be shut off during installation or repair.



CAUTION: Equipment damage may occur if the control unit is connected to any line voltage other than that stated on the ID plate.

Input voltage must be 100–240 Vac nominal, 1 Ø, 50/60 Hz. Switches and jumpers must be set as shown in Figure 3-2. The control unit is shipped set for 240 Vac.

1. See Figure 3-3. Route the unterminated end of the power cord through a dust-tight, strain-relief connector installed in the rear panel of the MC-3 master control unit. Connect the wires to one of the plug connectors on the distribution board exactly as shown in Table 3-2. Terminal designations are printed on the distribution board. The power cord plugs into the POWER INPUT receptacle (8).

M/C Connections **Function Wire Color** L (L1) Line (Hot) Brown N (L2) Neutral Blue Green/Yellow PE (GND) Ground A/P None Black **TRIG** White Ext. Trigger

Table 3-2 Power Cord Wire Functions

Internally, the power receptacle wires are connected to a 5-position plug that mates with receptacle J1 on the circuit board. The connections to the J1 receptacle are shown in Table 3-3.

J1 Pin No. Wire Color Brown 1 2 Blue 3 Green/yellow 4

Black

White

Table 3-3 Power Connections to Circuit Board

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5

## **Electrical Connections** (contd)



**WARNING:** All electrically conductive equipment in the spray area must be grounded. Ungrounded or poorly grounded equipment can store an electrostatic charge which can give personnel a severe shock or arc and cause a fire or explosion.

- 2. Connect the ground strap furnished with the control unit to the ground stud (9). Secure the clamp to an earth ground.
- 3. Connect the IPS gun cable to the GUN OUTPUT receptacle (7).

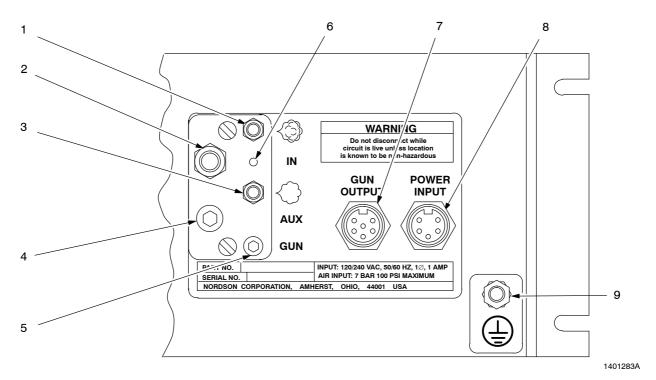


Figure 3-3 Rear Panel Connections

- 1. Flow rate air
- 2. Input air
- 3. Atomizing air

- 4. Plugged port (not used)
- 5. Gun air port
- 6. Solenoid valve exhaust
- 7. Gun cable receptacle
- 8. Power cord receptacle
- 9. Ground stud

### **Pneumatic Connections**

See Figure 3-3.

Maximum input air pressure is 7 bar (100 psi). The supply air must be clean and dry. Moist or contaminated air can cause powder to cake in the feed hopper, stick to feed hose walls, clog pump venturi throats and gun passages, and cause grounding or arcing inside the gun.

Use prefilters and coalescent filters with automatic drains and a refrigerated or regenerative desiccant air dryer capable of producing a 3.4  $^{\circ}$ C (38  $^{\circ}$ F) or lower dewpoint at 7 bar (100 psi).

**NOTE:** The unit is shipped with 10- and 6-mm tubing connectors installed in the input and output ports. To use  $^3/_{8^-}$  or  $^1/_{4^-}$ in. tubing, remove the connectors and install in their place the  $^3/_{8^-}$  and  $^1/_{4^-}$ in. connectors shipped with the unit. Wrap the connector threads with PTFE tape before installing them.

## Input and Output Air

Air Type **Tubing size** From To 10-mm or IN connector (2) on Input air supply  $^{3}/_{8}$ -in. the rear panel Output Flow rate Flow rate "F" connection on 6-mm or  $^{1}/_{4}$ -in. connection (1) powder pump on rear panel Atomizing 6-mm or Atomizing "A" connection on  $^{1}/_{4}$ -in. connection (3) powder pump on rear panel NOTE: Install a manually operated, self-relieving shutoff valve in the supply line to the control unit.

Table 3-4 Input and Output Air Connections

#### Gun Air

To use the gun air with a Versa-Spray II gun, you will need to install the restrictor and connector shipped with the gun or service kit in the GUN port.

- 1. Remove the plug from the GUN air port (5).
- 2. Wrap PTFE tape around the threads of the restrictor and install it in the GUN port.
- 3. Install the 6-mm tube  $x^{1}/_{8}$ -in. BSPT connector in the threaded end of the restrictor.
- 4. Connect tubing to the restrictor, route the tubing with the cable to the gun, and connect the tubing to the appropriate connectors on the gun. Refer to your gun manual or kit instruction sheet for more information.

# Section 4 Operation



**WARNING:** Allow only qualified personnel to perform the following tasks. Follow the safety instructions in this document and all other related documentation.



**WARNING:** This equipment can be dangerous unless it is used in accordance with the rules laid down in this manual.

Before operating a Nordson powder spray system, read all the system component manuals and familiarize yourself with the operating characteristics of each component. A thorough understanding of system operation will help you obtain desired results and diagnose problems.

# **Startup**



**WARNING:** All electrically conductive equipment in the spray area must be grounded. Ungrounded or poorly grounded equipment can store an electrostatic charge which can give personnel a severe shock or arc and cause a fire or explosion.

Before activating the control unit, make sure the booth exhaust fans are on, the powder recovery system is operating, and the powder in the feed hopper is thoroughly fluidized. Refer to the appropriate component manuals for startup and shutdown procedures.

**NOTE:** When a gun is first put into service, set the kV/AFC dial to the kV mode, turn the dial to the maximum setting, and record the  $\mu A$  output with no parts in front of the gun. Monitor the  $\mu A$  output daily, under the same conditions. A significant increase in  $\mu A$  output indicates a probable short in the gun resistor. A significant decrease indicates a failing resistor or voltage multiplier.

- 1. If you are using a master control unit, turn the power switch on.
- 2. Turn the control unit power switch on. The power LED will light.

If you set switch S5 to continuous and are using an automatic gun, the powder LED will light. Atomizing and flow rate air will begin to flow to the powder pump. If the kV/AFC dial has been turned on the voltage multiplier will be energized.

## Startup (contd)

3. Set flow rate and atomizing air pressures.

Atomizing air 2.1 bar (30 psi) Flow rate air 1.4 bar (20 psi)

- 4. Trigger the gun. The gun will start spraying powder when the master control unit is turned on, or, if switch S5 is set to continuous, when the control unit is turned on. If you are using a Smart-Spray programmable controller, refer to its manual for instructions on manually triggering the gun.
- 5. Turn the kV/AFC dial on. Push the kV/AFC dial in to put the unit in kV mode or pull it out to put the unit in AFC mode. Refer to the *Description* section for more information.
  - a. If the dial is set for the kV mode, rotate it fully clockwise for maximum voltage.
  - b. If the dial is set for the AFC mode, rotate it to position 4. This position represents approximately 40 microamps.
- Coat a part and adjust the kV output or AFC settings and air pressures to achieve the desired results.

## **Adjustments**



**WARNING:** Turn off the electrostatic voltage and ground the gun electrode before making adjustments to the gun or nozzle.

Obtaining a high-quality finish and maximum transfer efficiency (percentage of powder sprayed that adheres to the part) requires experimentation and experience. Settings for electrostatic voltage and air pressures affect overall coating performance. In most applications, the settings should produce a soft spray pattern that directs as much of the powder as possible onto the part with a minimum of overspray. These settings will allow the maximum amount of charged powder to be attracted to the grounded part.

### **Electrostatic Voltage/AFC Control**

Lowering the voltage is a common method for trying to improve coverage of deep recesses and interior corners of parts. However, lowering the voltage may also reduce your overall transfer efficiency. Powder velocity, direction, and pattern shape can be just as important as electrostatic voltage in coating these areas.

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Use the AFC mode when recoating parts that have already been cured but require additional coating and curing, and when coating parts with deep recesses. In this mode, the AFC dial/potentiometer lets you set a feedback current threshold. Voltage is automatically set to the maximum. If the current threshold is reached the voltage is automatically adjusted to maintain the required coverage. A suggested starting point is position 4 on the kV/AFC dial, which corresponds to approximately 40 microamps. Adjustments can then be made to optimize performance for different part configurations and application parameters.

The AFC mode can also be very effective when used with automatic guns. When gun movers or changes in part configuration cause changes in the gun-to-part distances, the AFC circuitry maintains the optimum combination of voltage and current. The AFC mode provides maximum coating performance and transfer efficiency, whether coating large, flat exterior surfaces from a distance or moving the gun close to coat edges or recessed areas.

#### Fluidizing Air Pressure

Refer to the manual for your feed hopper for the recommended fluidizing air pressure. When properly fluidized, small air bubbles should rise gently and uniformly to the surface of the powder, making it look like it is boiling. In this state, the powder will feel and act similar to a liquid, enabling it to be easily transported by the powder pump from the hopper to the spray gun.

If you set the fluidizing pressure too low, you may get a heavy, inconsistent powder flow. If you set the fluidizing pressure too high, the powder will boil violently and the flow will be uneven, with possible air pockets in the powder stream.

#### Flow Rate Air Pressure

Flow rate air transports a powder and air mixture from the feed hopper to the spray gun. Increasing the flow rate air pressure increases the amount of powder sprayed from the gun and may increase the thickness of the powder deposited on the part.

If the flow rate air pressure is set too low you may get inadequate film build or uneven powder output. If the flow rate air pressure is too high, too much powder could be output at too high a velocity. This could cause excessive film build or overspray, which reduces transfer efficiency and wastes powder. Excessive flow rate air pressure may also accelerate the build-up of impact-fused powder (impact-fusion) in the gun or pump or cause premature wear of gun and pump parts in contact with the powder.

Keeping the amount of overspray to a minimum reduces the amount of powder to be recovered and recycled. This minimizes wear and tear on system components such as pumps, spray guns, and filters, and helps keep maintenance costs down.

#### **Atomizing Air Pressure**

Atomizing air is added to the powder and air stream to increase the powder velocity in the feed hose and break up clumps of powder. Higher atomizing air pressures are needed at lower powder flow rates to keep the powder particles suspended in the air stream. Higher powder velocities may cause the spray pattern to change.

If the atomizing air pressure is set too low, the result may be uneven powder output from the gun along with puffing and surging. If set too high, atomizing air pressure can increase the powder velocity and cause excessive overspray, impact-fusion, and premature wear of pump and gun parts. Increasing the atomizing air pressure will decrease the powder flow rate of some pumps, requiring minor adjustments in the flow rate air pressure setting to maintain the same powder flow rate.

#### **Optimum Flow Rate and Atomizing Pressure**

Flow rate and atomizing air should be set to the lowest possible pressures that provide an acceptable spray pattern and the desired powder coverage, film build, and finish quality. These settings may be different from one powder to another.

#### **Shutdown**

- 1. Turn off the master control unit power switch. If no master control unit is used, turn off the control unit power switch.
- 2. Perform the daily maintenance procedures.

## **Daily Maintenance**

- Compare the gun's μA output in kV mode, with no parts in front of the gun, with the output and setting recorded at initial startup. Significant differences may mean that the gun resistor or multiplier is failing.
- Check all ground connections, including part grounds. Ungrounded or poorly grounded parts will affect transfer efficiency, electrostatic wrap, and the quality of the finish. Ungrounded equipment and parts may accumulate a charge that could arc and cause a fire or explosion.
- Check power and gun cable connections.
- Make sure air being supplied to the control unit is clean and dry.
- Wipe powder and dust off the control unit cabinet with a clean, dry cloth.

# Section 5 Troubleshooting



**WARNING:** Allow only qualified personnel to perform the following tasks. Follow the safety instructions in this document and all other related documentation.

This section contains troubleshooting procedures. These procedures cover only the most common problems that you may encounter. If you cannot solve the problem with the information given here, contact your local Nordson representative for help.

Component designations, such as SW1 and U3, may be given in troubleshooting procedures. These identify components on the circuit board. Refer to the illustrations at the end of this section to locate these components.

# **Troubleshooting Chart**



WARNING: Electrical power must be on to check voltages. Perform these procedures carefully with insulated tools. Touching energized electrical components could be fatal.

	Problem	Possible Cause	Corrective Action
1.	All LEDs off, no display	No input power	Make sure power is supplied to the control unit.
		Power switch (S1) off or open	Make sure switch S1 is operating properly.
		Blown F1 fuse. C2 shorted	Correct the overload or short and replace fuse F1. If fuse F1 continues to blow, replace the circuit board.
		S4 not set properly	Make sure switch S4 is set correctly.
		J4 jumper loose or missing	Make sure the jumper is located correctly on jumper block J4.
		Solenoid valve coil shorted	Check for a short, starting with the J2 connector on the circuit board.
2.	No power or powder LEDs	Solenoid coil or wiring shorted, no powder LED	Check the solenoid wiring.
		U3 chip failed	Replace the circuit board.
3.	,	Faulty LED D5 or D7	Replace the circuit board.
	off, display on	S2 defective	Replace the circuit board.
4.		Q4 faulty	Replace the circuit board.
	or AFC LED on	U6 defective	Replace the circuit board.
5.	No air output, powder LED on	No air to control unit	Check the supply air pressure.
		Obstruction in valve manifold or cartridge valve sticking	Remove the pilot manifold and solenoid valve from the manifold. Make sure the cartridge valves move freely in their bores. Check the manifold passages for blockages.
		Bad solenoid connection	Check for a loose connection at the J2 connector on the circuit board or broken wires.
6.	No air output, powder	Diode D6 shorted	Replace the circuit board.
	LED off, power LED on, kV or AFC LED on	Q1 failed. TP-8 to ground is greater than 1 volt	Replace the circuit board.
			Continued

	Problem	Possible Cause	Corrective Action
7.	No kV out, kV or AFC LED on, powder LED off, display reads 00	No trigger signal, possible cable damage	Disconnect the gun cable from the control unit. Trigger the gun and check for continuity across plug pins 1 and 2. Replace the cable if no continuity is detected.
		Connections at circuit board connector J3 or GUN OUTPUT receptacle bad	Check the connections at the J3 connector and the receptacle.
		Fuse F2 blown	If fuse F2 is blown, replace it.
		U1 or U2 chips defective	Replace the U1 chip. If this does not correct the problem, replace the U2 chip. If this does not correct the problem, replace the circuit board.
		S5 defective	Move S5 to the CONTINUOUS position. Turn on the control unit. If the air and kV are now available, replace the circuit board.
8.	No kV out, kV or AFC LED off, display off,	kV/AFC dial (S2) off	Turn on the dial and set it to the desired level.
	powder LED on	U1, Q2, or U3 defective	Replace the U1 chip. If this does not fix the problem, replace the circuit board.
9.	Low kV output	kV/AFC dial (S2) not adjusted properly	Increase the AFC current setpoint or the kV output.
		Low input voltage. TP-1 less than ± []24 Vdc	Make sure S4 and J4 are set correctly for the input voltage.
		Regulator U1 failed	Check from TP-2 to ground for 21 Vdc with a voltmeter. If this voltage is not present, replace the U1 chip.
		Gun resistor, cable, or multiplier failed	Check the gun resistor and multiplier with a megohmmeter. Check the cable continuity.
		Solenoid coil open	Replace the solenoid valve.
10	. Display reads 0 μA output, gun spraying normally	Gun cable feedback circuit open, or loose or dirty cable connection	Check the connections at the J3 connector on the circuit board, the GUN OUTPUT receptacle, and at the gun multiplier. Check the cable continuity. Replace the cable if no continuity is detected.
		Feedback resistor open	Replace the gun multiplier. Refer to gun manual for procedures.
		kV/μA switch (S3) failed	Replace the circuit board.
11.	Display reads 100% kV, but reads 0 μA output, loss of	Loose or dirty gun cable connections, or cable damaged	Check connections at J3, receptacle, and gun. Check gun cable continuity and replace if necessary.
	wrap/transfer efficiency	Multiplier failure	Replace multiplier.
			Continued

# Troubleshooting Chart (contd)

Problem	Possible Cause	Corrective Action
12. Loss of wrap, poor transfer efficiency	Poorly grounded part	Measure the resistance between the part and ground with a standard ohmmeter. Clean the conveyor and part hangers if the resistance is greater than one megohm. For best results, the resistance should be $500\Omega$ or less.
	Gun resistor or multiplier failed	Check the gun resistor and multiplier with a megohmmeter.
	Moisture in air causing kV to leak to ground	Check the air dryer and filters.
	Dirt or powder contamination of the high-voltage connections in the gun causing arcing	Check the connection between the multiplier and resistor. Clean or replace components as needed.  Make sure dielectric grease is properly applied.
13. Poor surface finish, cratering, starring, or orange peel.	Excess surface charge on part	Set kV/AFC switch in the AFC mode, position 4. Adjust for the best combination of surface finish and transfer efficiency. Increase the setting to improve powder transfer efficiency. Decrease the setting to improve surface finish.
	Poorly grounded part	Measure the resistance between the part and ground with a standard ohmmeter. Clean the conveyor and part hangers if the resistance is greater than one megohm. For best results, the resistance should be $500\Omega$ or less.
	Powder conductivity is too low	Contact the powder manufacturer.

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## Circuit Board Test Points, Jumpers, Switches, Fuses, and Connectors

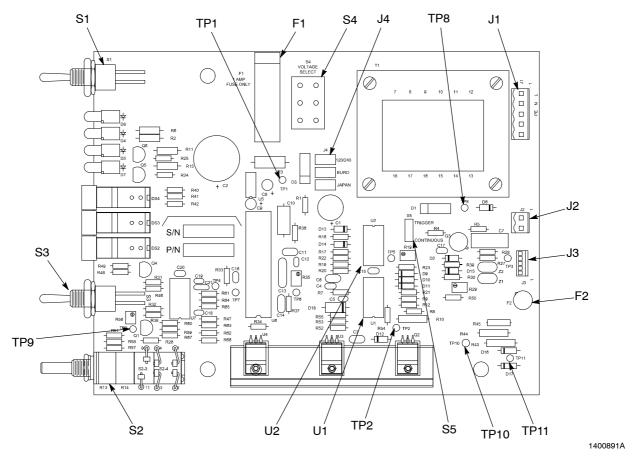


Figure 5-1 Circuit Board Test Points, Jumpers, Switches, Fuses, and Connectors

# Wiring Diagram

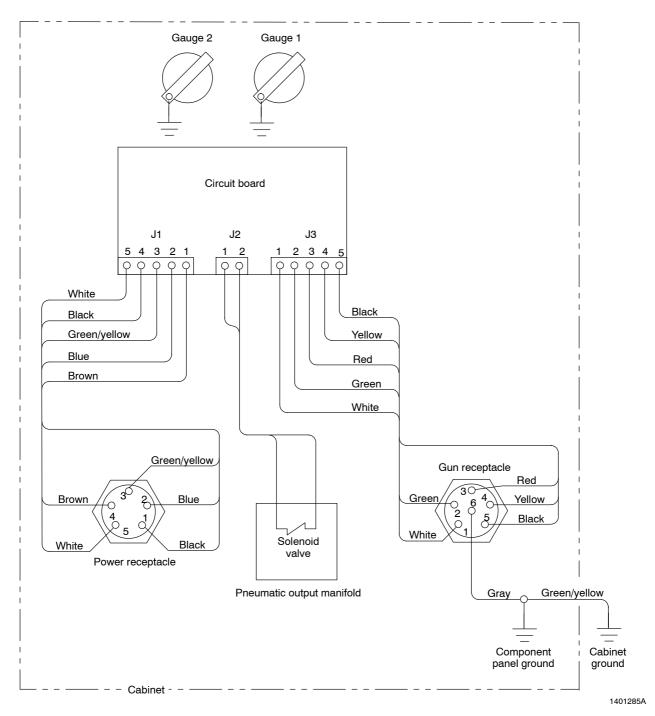


Figure 5-2 Wiring Diagram

#### Electrical Schematic

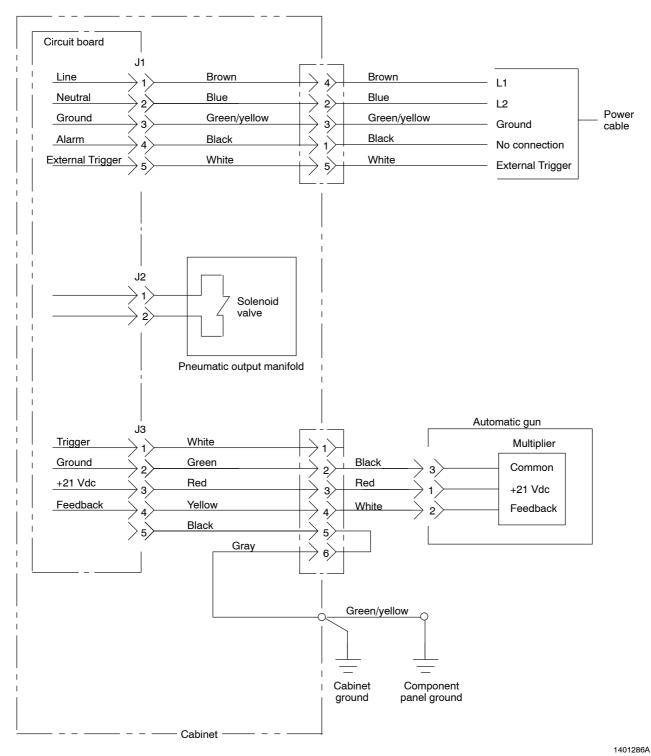


Figure 5-3 Electrical Schematic

# Air Tubing Diagram

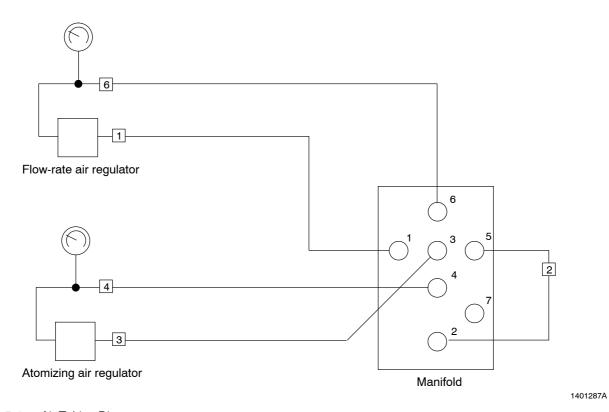


Figure 5-4 Air Tubing Diagram

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# Section 6 Repair



**WARNING:** Allow only qualified personnel to perform the following tasks. Follow the safety instructions in this document and all other related documentation.

## **Control Module Removal**



**WARNING:** Disconnect and lock out electrical power before performing the following tasks. Failure to observe this warning could result in personal injury or death.

The control module must be removed from the cabinet to replace or repair internal components.

- 1. Shut off the air supply and relieve the pressure. Unplug the power cable, and disconnect the gun cable and air tubing.
- 2. See Figure 6-1. Loosen the captive screws (1) securing the control module to the cabinet.
- 3. Slide the control module from the cabinet, and disconnect the ground wire (2) from the module.

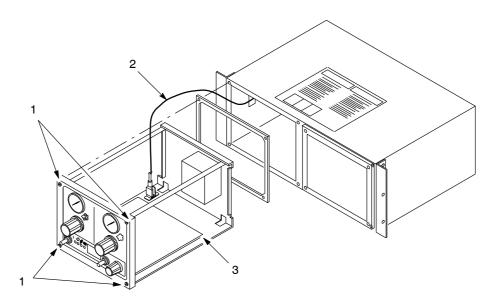


Figure 6-1 Control Module Removal

1. Captive screws

2. Ground wire

3. Circuit board

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## Gauge and Regulator Replacement

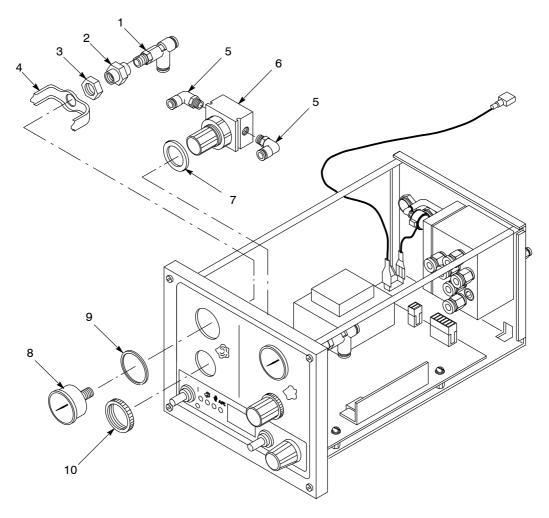
**NOTE:** A dust-free environment must be maintained inside the control unit cabinet. Make sure that the panel and gauge gaskets are in good condition and correctly installed before putting the unit back into service.

#### Gauge Replacement

- 1. See Figure 6-2. Disconnect the air tubing from the tee (1). Remove the coupling (2) and tee from the gauge.
- 2. Remove the nut (3) and bracket (4). Remove the air gauge (8) and gasket (9) from the front panel.
- 3. Remove the nut and bracket from the new air gauge. Install the gasket around the gauge bezel.
- 4. Install the gauge in the panel and secure it with the bracket and nut. Align the gauge face correctly before tightening the nut.
- 5. Wrap the gauge threads with PTFE tape. Install the coupling on the gauge.
- 6. Wrap the threads of the tee with PTFE tape and install it into the coupling. Reconnect the tubing to the tee. See the *Air Tubing Diagram* on page 5-8.

#### Regulator Replacement

- Note the orientation of the regulator, the ports used, the position of the connectors, and the numbers of the tubing connected to the connectors. An arrow on the regulator body shows the flow of air through the regulator. Install the new regulator with the same orientation and connections as the old.
- 2. See Figure 6-2. Disconnect the air tubing from the elbow connectors (5).
- 3. Remove the knurled locking ring (10) securing the regulator to the panel.
- 4. Remove the regulator (6) and seal (7) from the panel. Remove the elbow connectors from the regulator.
- 5. Wrap the elbow connector threads with PTFE tape and install them in the new regulator. Install the seal on the regulator.
- 6. Install the regulator in the front panel. Secure the regulator to the front panel with the locking ring.
- 7. Connect the air tubing to the elbow connectors. See the *Air Tubing Diagram* on page 5-8.



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Figure 6-2 Gauges and Regulator Replacement

- 1. Tee
- 2. Coupling
- 3. Nut
- 4. Bracket

- 5. Elbow connectors
- 6. Regulator
- 7. Seal

- 8. Gauge
- 9. Gasket
- 10. Locking ring

#### Valve Manifold Rebuild

The solenoid valve and cartridge valves can be replaced without removing the manifold from the rear panel.

#### Solenoid Valve Replacement

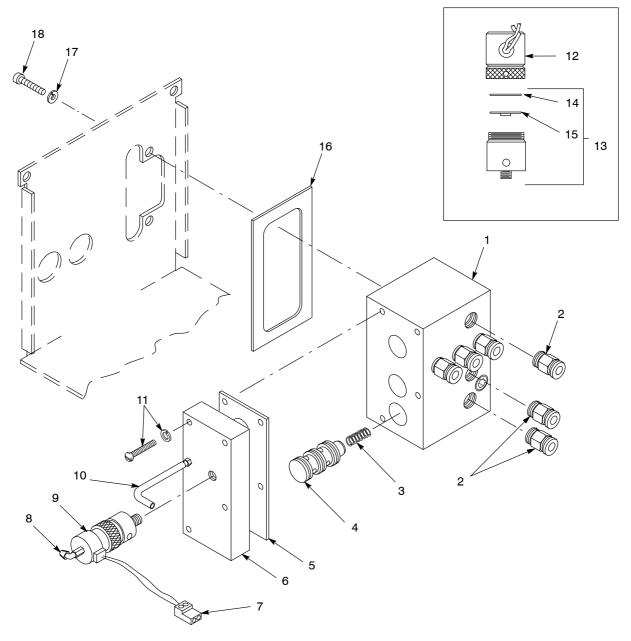
- 1. See Figure 6-3. Disconnect the exhaust tubing (10) from the barbed elbow connector (8) on the top of the solenoid valve (9).
- 2. Disconnect the plug connector (7) from the J2 receptacle on the circuit board.
- Place a small diameter metal rod or awl in one of the holes in the base of the solenoid valve. Use the rod to unscrew the valve from the pilot manifold (6).

**NOTE:** Do not unscrew the solenoid coil section from the valve section. If the solenoid valve is disassembled, reassemble it as shown in the inset in Figure 6-3. Make sure the diaphragm is installed with the seal side facing the valve.

- 4. Remove the plug connector and the barbed elbow connector from the old solenoid valve, and install them on the new solenoid valve. Apply threadlocking adhesive to the connector threads before installing it.
- 5. Wrap the solenoid valve threads with PTFE tape. Screw the valve into the pilot manifold. Tighten the valve securely.
- 6. Reconnect the exhaust air tubing to the connector. Connect the plug connector to the J2 receptacle.

### Three-Way Cartridge Valve Replacement

- 1. See Figure 6-3. Remove the screws and lock washers (11) from the pilot manifold (6).
- 2. Remove the pilot manifold and gasket (5) from the manifold (1).
- 3. Remove the straight 6-mm tube connectors (2) from manifold ports 2, 4, and 6.
- 4. Insert a brass rod or wood dowel into the open ports and push the cartridge valves (4) out of the manifold. Remove the cartridge springs (3). New springs are included with the new cartridges.
- 5. Install the springs in the new cartridge valves and insert the cartridges into the manifold.
- 6. Wrap the threads of the connectors you removed in step 3 with PTFE tape and install them into the ports.
- 7. Install the gasket, pilot manifold, and solenoid valve on the manifold.
- 8. Connect the air tubing to the fittings. See the *Air Tubing Diagram* on page 5-8.



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Figure 6-3 Solenoid Valve and Cartridge Valve Replacement

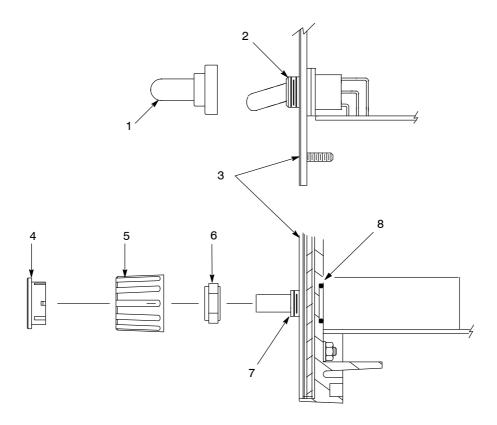
- 1. Manifold
- 2. Tube connectors
- 3. Spring
- 4. Cartridge valves
- 5. Gasket
- 6. Pilot manifold

- 7. Plug connector
- 8. Barbed elbow connector
- 9. Solenoid valve
- 10. Exhaust tubing
- 11. Screws and lockwashers
- 12. Coil section

- 13. Valve section
- 14. Shim
- 15. Diaphragm
- 16. Panel gasket
- 17. Lock washers
- 18. Screws

## **Circuit Board Replacement**

- 1. Remove the control module from the cabinet as described in *Control Module Removal* on page 6-1.
- 2. Disconnect the plug connectors from the J1, J2, and J3 receptacles on the circuit board.
- 3. See Figure 6-4. Remove the dust-cover nuts (1) securing the power and  $kV/\mu A$  toggle switches (2) to the front panel.
- 4. Remove the cap (4) and knob (5) from the kV/AFC switch (7).
- 5. Remove the nut (6) securing the switch to the panel.



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Figure 6-4 Removing Switch Dust Covers and Knobs Prior to Removing Circuit Board

- 1. Dust-cover nuts
- 4. Cap

7. Potentiometer

- 2. Toggle switches
- 5. Knob

8. O-ring

3. Front panel

6. Nut

- 6. See Figure 6-5. Remove the screws (1, 2) securing the circuit board to the control module, and remove the board from the module.
- 7. To install a new circuit board in the module, follow the removal procedures in reverse. Make sure the O-ring (8) shown in Figure 6-4 is in place before reinstalling the board in the module.



**CAUTION:** Do not overtighten the screws or you will damage the circuit board.

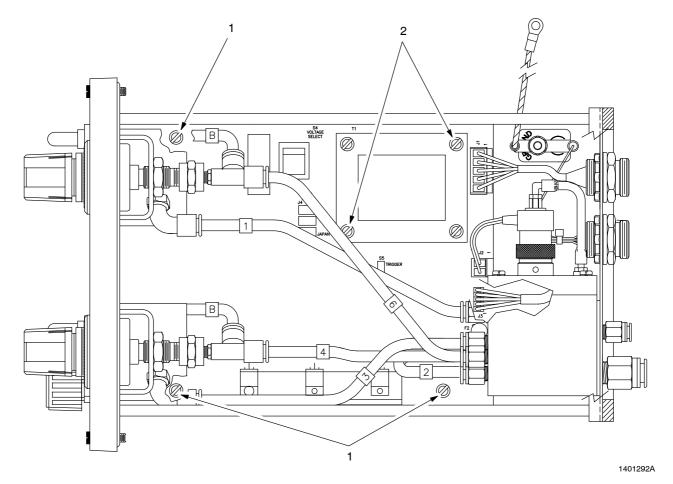


Figure 6-5 Removing Screws Securing Circuit Board to Module

- 1. Short screws
- 2. Long screws

#### **Control Module Installation**

Check all electrical connections before installing the module in the cabinet.

- 1. See Figure 6-1. Connect the ground wire (2) to the module.
- 2. Make sure the front and rear panel gaskets are undamaged and correctly positioned. Slide the control module into the cabinet.
- 3. Tighten the captive screws (1) to secure the control module to the cabinet.
- 4. Connect the gun cable to the GUN OUTPUT receptacle, and the power cable to the POWER INPUT receptacle.
- 5. Connect the cabinet ground wire to a true earth ground.
- 6. Connect air tubing to the input and output fittings on the rear panel as described in *Pneumatic Connections* on page 3-5.

# Section 7 Parts

#### Introduction

To order parts, call the Nordson Customer Service Center or your local Nordson representative. Use this five-column parts list, and the accompanying illustration, to describe and locate parts correctly.

#### Using the Illustrated Parts List

Numbers in the Item column correspond to numbers that identify parts in illustrations following each parts list. The code NS (not shown) indicates that a listed part is not illustrated. A dash (—) is used when the part number applies to all parts in the illustration.

The number in the Part column is the Nordson Corporation part number. A series of dashes in this column (- - - - - -) means the part cannot be ordered separately.

The Description column gives the part name, as well as its dimensions and other characteristics when appropriate. Indentions show the relationships between assemblies, subassemblies, and parts.

- If you order the assembly, items 1 and 2 will be included.
- If you order item 1, item 2 will be included.
- If you order item 2, you will receive item 2 only.

The number in the Quantity column is the quantity required per unit, assembly, or subassembly. The code AR (As Required) is used if the part number is a bulk item ordered in quantities or if the quantity per assembly depends on the product version or model.

Letters in the Note column refer to notes at the end of each parts list. Notes contain important information about usage and ordering. Special attention should be given to notes.

Item	Part	Description	Quantity	Note
_	0000000	Assembly	1	
1	000000	Subassembly	2	Α
2	000000	• • Part	1	

### **Control Unit Assemblies**

See Figure 7-1.

#### One-Module

Item	Part	Description	Quantity	Note
_	173094	1-MODULE POWER UNIT, Versa Spray II, 2-gauge, packaged	1	
1	240674	TAG, ground	5	
2	983021	<ul> <li>WASHER, flat, external, 0.203 x 0.406 x 0.040 in., brass</li> </ul>	5	
3	933469	LUG, 90°, double	2	
4	983401	<ul> <li>LOCK WASHER, split, M5, zinc-plated steel</li> </ul>	5	
5	984702	NUT, hex, M5, brass	5	
6	163443	JUMPER, ground, cabinet, 15.0 in.	2	
7	982284	SCREW, captive, M5 x 10, stainless steel	8	
8	982286	<ul> <li>SCREW, flat head, slotted, M5 x 10, zinc</li> </ul>	6	
9	140163	BRACKET, rack mount, Versa-Spray	2	
10	173091	MODULE, elec., Versa-Spray II, 2-gauge, auto	1	Α
11	140165	GASKET, filler, panel, front	2	
NS	130629	CABLE, power, 5-wire, 6.5 ft, female	1	В
NS	335049	STRAIN RELIEF, cable, 12 mm	1	В
NS	163449	JUMPER, ground, cabinet, 15.0 in.	1	В
NS	972183	<ul> <li>ELBOW, male, <sup>3</sup>/<sub>8</sub>-in. tube x <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>-in. NPT</li> </ul>	1	В
NS	983083	<ul> <li>WASHER, flat, 0.203 x 0.309 x 040 in., nylon</li> </ul>	8	
NS	940073	O-RING, Viton, 0.145-in. ID x 0.070-in. W, brown	8	

NOTE A: For parts breakdown, refer to Control Module on page 7-5.

NS: Not Shown

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B: These parts are shipped loose.

#### Two-Module

Item	Part	Description	Quantity	Note
_	173095	2-MODULE POWER UNIT, Versa Spray II, 2-gauge, packaged	1	
1	240674	TAG, ground	3	
2	983021	<ul> <li>WASHER, flat, external, 0.203 x 0.406 x 0.040 in., brass</li> </ul>	3	
4	983401	<ul> <li>LOCK WASHER, split, M5, zinc-plated steel</li> </ul>	3	
5	984702	NUT, hex, M5, brass	3	
8	982286	<ul> <li>SCREW, flat head, slotted, M5 x 10, zinc</li> </ul>	6	
9	140163	<ul> <li>BRACKET, rack mount, Versa-Spray</li> </ul>	2	
10	173091	MODULE, elec., Versa-Spray II, 2-gauge, auto	2	Α
11	140165	GASKET, filler, panel, front	2	
NS	130629	CABLE, power, 5-wire, 6.5 ft, female	2	В
NS	335049	STRAIN RELIEF, cable, 12 mm	2	В
NS	163449	JUMPER, ground, cabinet, 15 in.	1	В
NS	972183	<ul> <li>ELBOW, male, <sup>3</sup>/<sub>8</sub>-in. tube x <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>-in. NPT</li> </ul>	2	

NOTE A: For parts breakdown, refer to Control Module on page 7-5.

B: Noted parts are shipped loose.

NS: Not Shown

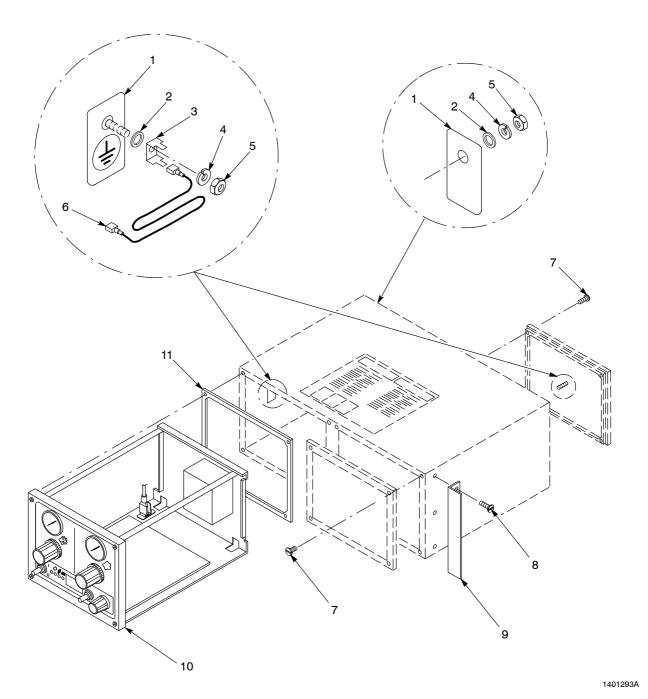


Figure 7-1 Control Unit Assemblies

## **Control Module**

See Figure 7-2.

Item	Part	Description	Quantity	Note
_	173091	MODULE, elec, Versa-Spray II, 2-gauge, auto	1	
1	981387	SCREW, captive, M5 x 25 mm, stainless steel	4	
2	983038	WASHER, flat, 0.203 x 0.309 x 0.040 in., nylon	4	
3	631138	GASKET, gauge, 40-mm dia, EPDM	2	
4	130655	PANEL, bezel, 2-gauge	1	
5		GASKET, panel, bezel	1	
6	901267	<ul> <li>GAUGE, air, 0–7 bar, 0–100 psi</li> </ul>	2	
7	940073	O-RING, Viton, 0.145-in. ID x 0.070-in. W, brown	4	
8	973572	COUPLING, pipe, hydraulic, <sup>1</sup> / <sub>8</sub> in., steel, zinc	2	
9	129583	GASKET, bezel	1	
10	972840	<ul> <li>TEE, male run, 6-mm tube x <sup>1</sup>/<sub>8</sub>, universal thread</li> </ul>	2	
11	900742	TUBING, polyurethane, 6-mm OD x 4 mm	AR	Α
12	141603	SEAL, panel, regulator	2	
13	972142	<ul> <li>ELBOW, male, 6-mm tube x <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>, universal thread</li> </ul>	4	
14	901444	<ul> <li>REGULATOR, air, <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>-in. NPT, 5–125 psi</li> </ul>	2	
15	940121	O-RING, Viton, 0.364-in. ID x 0.070-in. W, brown	1	
16	173121	SEAL, <sup>1</sup> / <sub>8-</sub> in. shaft, rotary	1	
17	173099	<ul> <li>KNOB, collet, 21 mm, <sup>1</sup>/<sub>8</sub>-in. shaft</li> </ul>	1	
18	173100	CAP, knob, flat, 21 mm, with line	1	
19	270180	BOOT, switch, waterproof, english	2	
NS	170695	BOOT, switch, waterproof	2	В

NOTE A: Bulk part number. Order in one foot increments.

B: Boot fits older-style flat paddle toggle switch.

AR: As Required NS: Not Shown

Continued...

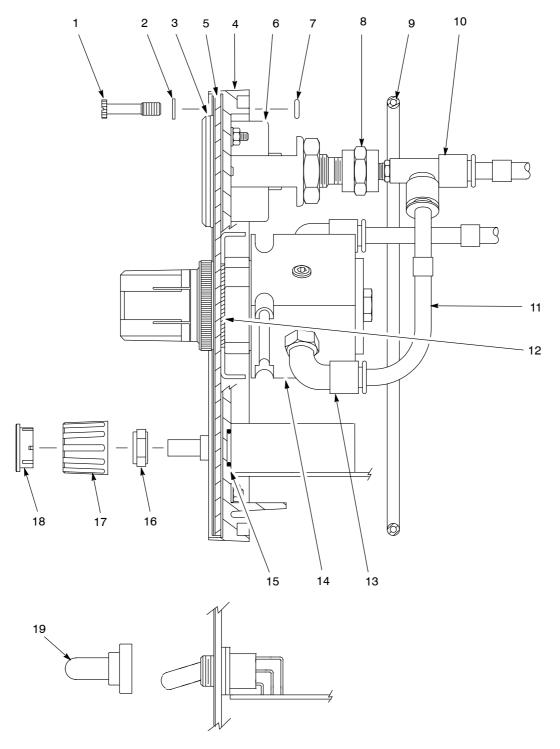


Figure 7-2 Control Module Parts (Items 1 through 19)

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# Control Module (contd)

#### See Figure 7-3.

Item	Part	Description	Quantity	Note
20	1062888	KIT, manifold, pneumatic output, 2-gauge, without auxiliary	1	С
21	129591	ROD, support	2	
22	173113	GASKET, manifold, 3-valve	1	
23	982139	SCREW, flat head, slotted, M4 x 8, steel	5	
24	129600	GASKET, rear panel	1	
25	983401	LOCK WASHER, split, M5, steel, zinc	3	
26	982239	SCREW, fillister head, slotted, M5 x 10, zinc	2	
27	982096	SCREW, pan head, slotted, M4 x 8, zinc	3	
28	983416	LOCK WASHER, M4, internal, steel, zinc	3	
29	171031	CIRCUIT BOARD, Versa Spray II	1	
NS	939098	FUSE, 1-amp, 250V, fast acting	1	
NS	939991	FUSE, 50-mA, 250V, fast-acting	1	
30	171017	SERVICE KIT, IC, Versa-Spray (U1, U2 chips)	1	
31	130625	RECEPTACLE, input, 5-wire, male	1	
32	939122	SEAL, conduit fitting, <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> in.	2	
33	984526	NUT, lock, <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> -in. conduit	2	
34	933343	CONNECTOR, plug, 5-pin	1	
35	130627	RECEPTACLE, input, 6-wire, female	1	
36	933162	TERMINAL, push-on, 250 series, 22-18 AWG	1	
37	240674	TAG, ground	1	
38	933469	<ul> <li>LUG, 90°, double, 0.250, 0.438</li> </ul>	1	
39	983021	WASHER, flat, external, 0.203 x 0.406 x 0.040 in., brass	1	
40	984702	NUT, hex, M5, brass	1	
41	163443	JUMPER, ground, cabinet, 15 in.	1	
NS	939004	STRAP, cable, 0.06-1.75, natural	1	

NOTE C: For parts breakdown, refer to Pneumatic Output Manifold on page 7-9.

AR: As Required NS: Not Shown

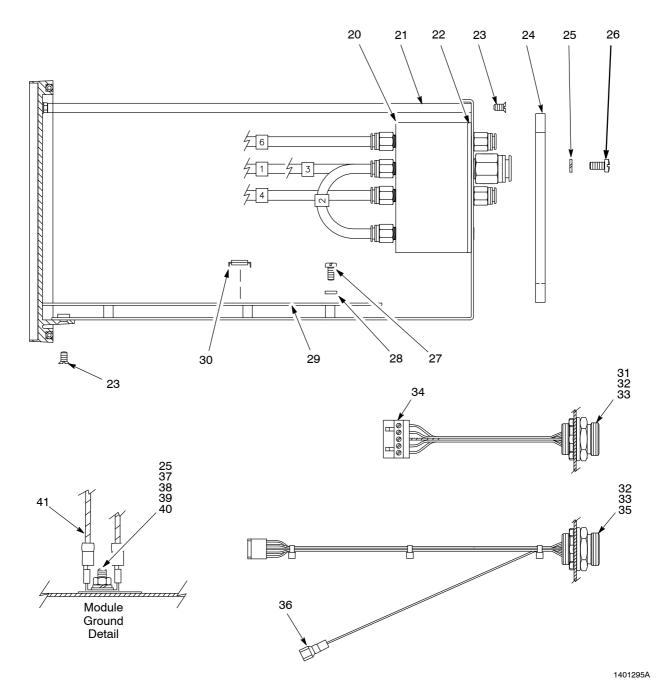


Figure 7-3 Control Module Parts (Items 20 through 41)

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# **Pneumatic Output Manifold**

See Figure 7-4.

Item	Part	Description	Quantity	Note
_	1062888	KIT, manifold, pneumatic output, 2-gauge, without auxiliary	1	
1	972841	CONNECTOR, male, 10-mm tube x <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> -in. RPT	1	
2	173114	MANIFOLD BODY, 3-valve, Versa-Spray II	1	
3	972141	<ul> <li>CONNECTOR, male, 6-mm tube x <sup>1</sup>/<sub>8</sub> in., universal thread</li> </ul>	8	
4	973402	<ul> <li>PLUG, pipe, socket, flush, <sup>1</sup>/<sub>8</sub>, zinc</li> </ul>	2	
5	248716	VALVE, 3-way cartridge	3	
NS	173123	KIT, spring, cartridge valve, bag of three	1	
6	173116	GASKET, manifold/pilot plate	1	
7	173115	MANIFOLD, pilot plate	1	
8	335241	CONNECTOR, plug, 2-position	1	
9	129503	VALVE, solenoid, 12 Vdc, N.O.	1	
10	129933	<ul> <li>ELBOW, male, 10-32 x <sup>1</sup>/<sub>8</sub>-in. ID, barbed</li> </ul>	1	
11	900572	TUBING, silicone, 0.093-in. ID x 0.062 in. thick	AR	Α
12	173090	<ul> <li>FITTING, male, 10-32 x <sup>1</sup>/<sub>8</sub>-in. ID, barbed</li> </ul>	1	
13	982214	SCREW, pan head, slotted, M5 x 20, zinc	4	
14	983401	LOCK WASHER, split, M5, steel, zinc	4	
15	973411	<ul> <li>PLUG, pipe, socket, flush, <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>- zinc</li> </ul>	1	
NS NOTE A B	939110	STRAP, cable, 0.875-in. diameter	1	

NOTE A: Bulk part number. Order in one-foot increments.

AR: As Required NS: Not Shown

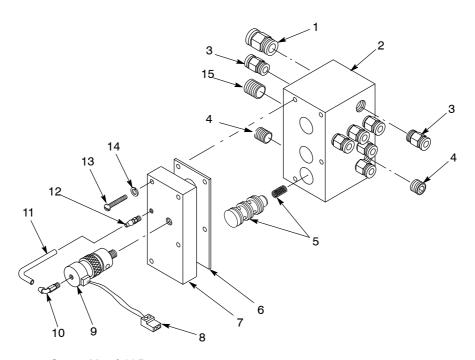


Figure 7-4 Pneumatic Output Manifold Parts